Catalog Description: Theory, computational techniques and applications of the derivative.

Course Objectives: After completing this course, students will be able to

- 1. Understand limits and continuity from the graph of a function.
- 2. Understand limits from the formula of a function without a graph.
- 3. Understand the concept and mathematical definition of a derivative.
- 4. Use the rules of differentiation to find derivatives explicitly and implicitly.
- 5. Use derivatives to solve applied problems.
- 6. Communicate mathematical ideas using correct and appropriate notation.

### Learning Outcomes and Performance Criteria

- 1. Understand limits and continuity from the graph of a function. Core Criteria:
  - (a) Use the graph of a function to determine left and right hand limits at a point.
  - (b) Use left and right hand limits obtained from the graph of a function to determine a limit at a point.
  - (c) Use limit notation correctly.
  - (d) Determine and classify points of discontinuity from the graph of a function.
- 2. Understand limits from the formula of a function without a graph. Core Criteria:
  - (a) Calculate left and right hand limits.
  - (b) Calculate limits at a point.
  - (c) Calculate limits at infinity.
  - (d) Calculate limits with L'Hospital's rule.

#### Additional Criteria:

- (e) Calculate points of discontinuity.
- (f) Calculate vertical and horizontal asymptotes.
- 3. Understand the concept and mathematical definition of a derivative.

#### Core Criteria:

- (a) Use the definition of the derivative to calculate the derivative of a polynomial.
- (b) Use derivative notation correctly.
- (c) Determine average rates of change of a function algebraically from its expression.
- (d) Determine average rates of change of a function from its graph.

## Additional Criteria:

- (e) Use the derivative to calculate the derivative of a discrete function. Here the function and its derivative are specified only as a set of points.
- (f) Calculate average velocity from a set of data points over an interval.
- (g) Calculate an estimate for the instantaneous velocity at a point from a set of data points.

- (h) Approximate the instantaneous rate of change (or slope of the graph, or derivative) of a function at a point, from its graph.
- 4. Use the rules of differentiation to find derivatives explicitly and implicitly.

Core Criteria:

- (a) Calculate explicit derivatives of functions of polynomials, trigonometric functions, exponential, and logarithmic functions with the power, quotient, product, and chain rule.
- (b) Use implicit differentiation to calculate implicit derivatives of inverse trigonometric functions and implicit equations.
- (c) Calculate higher order derivatives.
- (d) Use the graph of a function to draw the graph of its derivative.

# Additional Criteria:

- (e) Use the graph of the derivative of a function to graph the original function.
- 5. Use derivatives to solve applied problems.

Core Criteria:

- (a) Set up and solve word-problems with related rates.
- (b) Set up and solve word-problems on optimization.
- (c) Calculate the local maxima and minima and also the absolute max and min of a function on an interval.
- (d) Use the derivative of a function to determine where it is increasing and where it is decreasing.
- (e) Distinguish between the extrema of a function and the locations of those extrema.
- (f) Given a position function, determine the velocity and acceleration for a particle in rectilinear motion.

### Additional Criteria:

- (g) Use the second derivative of a function to determine where it is concave up, and where it is concave down.
- (h) Determine where a particle is moving right, moving left or stopped, and where it is speeding up and where it is slowing down.